



GOVERNMENT OF EKITI STATE

ARREARS CLEARANCE FRAMEWORK

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ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

OAGF	Office of the Accountant-General of the Federation
APA	Annual Performance Assessment
OAuGF	Office of the Auditor General of the Federal
CB	Capacity Building
DAC	Domestic Arrear Committee
DLI	Disbursement Linked Indicator
DLR	Disbursement Likened Result
DMO	Debt Management Office, Abuja
DMU	Debt Management Unit, Ekiti State
EKSG	Ekiti State Government
FAAC	Federation Account Allocation Committee
FGN	Federal Government of Nigeria
FMOF	Federal Ministry of Finance
FRA	Federal Responsibility Act
FRL	Federal Responsibility Laws
FY	Fiscal Year
GDP	Gross Domestic Product
SHCF	State Honourable Commissioner for Finance (Ekiti State)
IGR	Internally Generated Revenue
ISPO	Irrevocable Standing Payment Order
IVA	Independent Verification Agent
MDA	Ministries, Department and Agencies
MFED	Ministry of Finance and Economic Development
PFM	Public Financial Management

PforR Program for Result
SFTAS State Fiscal Transparency, Accountability and Sustainability
WB World Bank



SECTION 1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Coverage and Scope of Ekiti State Arrears Clearance Framework Document

This document covers the policy guidelines and procedures for managing and settling the domestic expenditure arrears of Ekiti State Government. The State's arrears are financial obligations that have been incurred by Ekiti State Government for which payment have not been made by the due date.

The framework is guided by the World Bank and the Federal Debt Management Office's (DMO) Template for the establishment of Domestic Arrears Committee (DAC), as well as established best practices in the settlement of State's Domestic expenditure arrears.

The main categories of Ekiti State's Expenditure arrears are as follows: contractors' arrears, pension and gratuity arrears, salary arrears and judgment debt.

The shorter terms: "domestic expenditure arrears", "domestic arrears", and "arrears" used variously in the document refer to Ekiti State Government domestic expenditure arrears.

1.2 Purpose of the Framework Document

This framework document is aimed at providing practical guidance in the identification, recording and management of domestic expenditure arrears in the State. This will assist the State to establish processes and systems to reduce her stock of domestic arrears.

1.3 Users of the Framework Document

This framework is primarily meant for the government of Ekiti State. Besides, the staff of MDAs such as Ministry of Finance and Economic Development, Office of the Accountant-General, Ministry of Budget and Economic Planning, Office of the State Auditor-General, Bureau of Public Procurement, Ministry of Works and Transportation and other line MDAs, etc., who may be involved in debt management and settlement of arrears at one time or the other will find it useful.

The framework should be used in conjunction with other extant public finance laws and regulations, the accounting system and procedures manuals in the State.

1.4 Presentation of Total Stock of Domestic Expenditure Arrears of Ekiti State Government

The Breakdown and analysis of Ekiti State Domestic Expenditure Arrears (2014-2020) is presented in the Annexure

1.5 Description of the State's Policy on Arrears

Ekiti State Government shall adopt the following measures to clear her existing arrears and prevent accumulation of new one:

- i. Strengthen legal and regulatory framework. The State shall empower her legal and regulatory framework on financial issues;
- ii. Enhance the credibility and realism of the State's budget. The State's budget shall be a realistic plan for expenditures based on conservatively estimated revenues and the borrowing limit shall include a margin to handle the situation of revenue shortfalls;
- iii. Improve accounting and reporting. the State shall ensure proper accounting and reporting;
- iv. The State Government shall strengthen her commitment controls to effectively limit commitments to approved budget allocations and to availability of actual cash;
- v. The State shall facilitate improved and integrated cash and debt management;
- vi. The State shall enhance oversight of state-owned enterprises should the reasons for arrears accumulation rest with other parts of the public sector;
- vii. Establishment of Treasury Single Account (TSA) to reduce State's reliance on commercial banks loans;
- viii. Payment shall be centralized to the State Treasury to prevent arrears as a result of administrative hurdles;
- ix. Upgrading the government financial management information systems. The system should handle the entire expenditure chain, including the release of budget funds, commitments against the budget funds, production of purchase orders based on commitments, receipt of invoices within the purchase orders, receipt of goods and services claimed in the invoices, and payment or non-payment of invoices;
- x. Monthly Cash management meeting shall be held to guide the government decision on budget fund releases.

SECTION 2. PLANNED ACTIONS FOR SETTLEMENT OF EKITI STATE

DOMESTIC EXPENDITURE ARREARS

Ekiti State Multi-years Plan is the financial plan of the State for clearance of her stock of arrears based on the total fund available in the State's current budget year and the budget year to come.

The State Government shall clear her arrears using funds from any of the following sources:

- The State's Internally Generated Revenue;
- Grants from the Federal Government or International Donor;
- Borrowing from the Commercial Banks
- Bonds

SECTION 3: PRIORITIZATION CRITERIA FOR ARREAR CLEARANCE

Until recently, there was no comprehensive effective sub-national arrears clearance strategy in Nigeria. To varying degrees, States have institutional mechanisms for prioritizing the payment of domestic expenditure arrears. The volume of the arrears of most States are usually too large to be cleared within a fiscal year.

The criteria/approaches to be adopted by Ekiti State Government in deciding which of her domestic expenditure arrears to be paid are contained in the prioritization criteria/approaches stated in the Annexure.

SECTION 4: ORGANIZATIONAL/INSTITUTIONAL ARRANGEMENT

4.1 Description of the organizational/institutional arrangement for

Implementation of the Framework

Ekiti State is a participant in the Federal Government of Nigeria (FGN) and World Bank multi-year (2018-2022) program to support Nigerian states to strengthen fiscal performance and sustainability. One of the disbursement-linked indicators under the Program (DLI #8) requires the state to establish a database of verified domestic arrears, establish an arrears clearance framework (ACF) setting out the procedures to clear the stock of arrears, and implement the ACF.

To this end, a committee known as the Domestic Arrear Committee has been put in place as institutional arrangement to be in charge of the overall arrears clearance process, including recording, verification, classification, reporting, prioritization and clearance of government domestic expenditure arrears in the State and to oversee the work of the State towards achieving the SFTAS DLI #8. The terms of reference guiding the work of the Committee are as follows.

4.2 Objective and Responsibilities of the Committee

The Committee shall support the Permanent Secretary for Finance in its responsibility for accurate recording, verification and reporting of domestic arrears balances across all types. The Committee should ensure that the arrears are adequately classified for prioritization purposes, develop the ACF and produce the State Arrears Recording, Verification and Clearance Report. Its duties will include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Introduction of specific guidelines setting out the roles and responsibilities of individuals and institutions for the recording of domestic arrears. i.e. the roles and responsibilities of each Primary Record Holder (the entity primarily responsible for keeping the records for each type of arrears). This will include specific reporting requirements (i.e. the use of agreed recording templates and any supporting schedules) and timelines for submission to the committee (monthly).
- Introduction of specific guidelines setting out the roles and responsibilities of individuals and institutions for the verification of domestic arrears balances. i.e. the role of Internal Audit, Inspectorates, and contracted consultants. This will include reporting requirements (a validated copy of the agreed recording templates and any

supporting schedules) and timelines for submission to the Domestic Arrears Committee (monthly).

- The creation, maintenance and regular (monthly) update of an accurate internal domestic expenditure arrears database and the publicly-accessible online version of the database.
- Oversight of the overall recording, verification and reporting processes for domestic expenditure arrears to ensure that they meet the requirements of SFTAS DLI #8 as described in the SFTAS verification protocols.
- Ensure adequate classification of the arrears for prioritization purposes.
- Develop the State's Arrears Clearance Framework (ACF), including policies on prioritization and clearance of arrears.
- Provide accurate monthly, quarterly, and annual reports that present the position for verified domestic arrears and the progress made in implementing the State's ACF.
- Provide data/documentation to support the verification of SFTAS DLI #8, including the State Arrears Recording, Verification and Clearance Report.

4.2.1 Specific activities

Specific activities for the committee include but are not limited to the following:

- a. Adoption and implementation of records management guidelines for domestic arrears.
- b. Adoption and implementation of verification guidelines for all types of domestic arrears.
- c. Establishment of a consolidated internal domestic arrears database.
- d. Establishment of a publicly-accessible online version of the database.
- e. Reporting of valid and verified domestic arrears to end-users.
- f. Development of the ACF.
- g. Produce the State Arrears Recording, Verification and Clearance Report.

4.3 Supervision and Reporting Arrangements

The Committee will report directly to the State Governor through the Honourable Commissioner for Finance and Economic Development, keeping the appointed SFTAS focal persons informed.

4.4 Membership of the Committee

The membership of the Committee will be as follows;

- Commissioner of Finance and Economic Development (Chairman)
- PS – Ministry of Finance and Economic Development (Member)
- Rep. State Accountant-General (Member)
- Rep. PS, Ministry of Works and Transport (Member)
- Rep. PS, Ministry of Budget and Eco. Planning (Member)
- Rep. PS, Cabinet and Special Services (Member)
- Executive Secretary – Central Internal Audit
- Secretary, BPP (Member)
- Director, Expenditure, (Member)
- Head, State DMO
- Director, State Finances (Member/Secretary)

The Committee will also include the SFTAS focal persons and any other individuals so appointed by the Chairman.

4.5 Committee Secretariat

The Committee shall establish a Secretariat to support its work using existing Staff or Units within State's Debt Management Unit.

4.6 Powers and authorities of the Committee

The Committee shall have delegated authority to request any and every information it requires in order to carry out its functions.

The Committee will be able to incur expenditures, including the engagement of professional assistance in the course of executing its role. All expenditures must be incurred through the procurement systems of the selected institution.



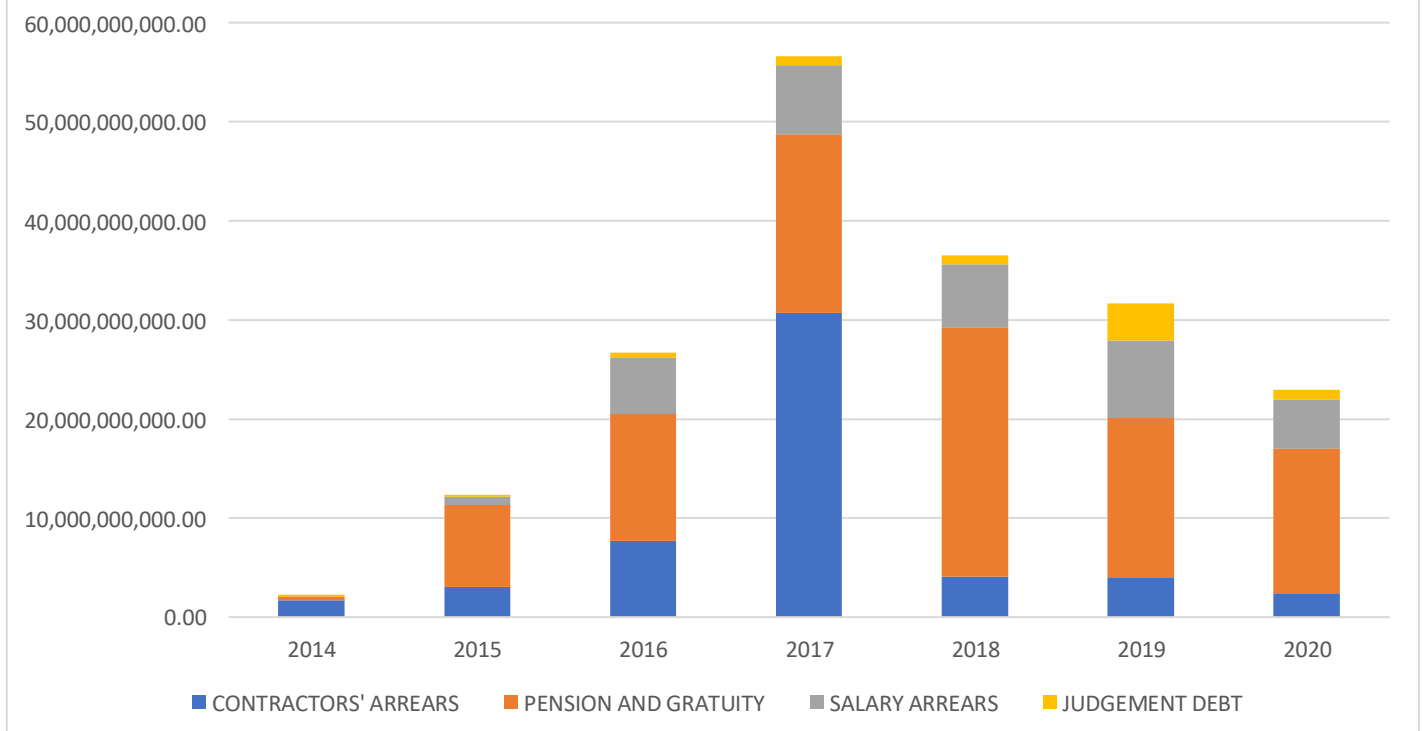
Signed and Dated : 30th March, 2021
Honourable Commissioner for Finance and Economic Development

(i) Ekiti State Total Stock of Domestic Expenditure Arrears

Table 1: Breakdown of Ekiti State Domestic Expenditure Arrears (2015 -2020)

S/N	DOMESTIC EXPENDITURE ARREARS	YEAR END TOTAL STOCK OF DOMESTIC EXPENDITURE ARREARS					
		2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
1	CONTRACTORS' ARREARS	3,039,944,771.40	7,692,163,471.13	30,674,555,073.86	4,069,919,464.12	4,009,695,450.86	1,809,388,742.18
2	PENSION AND GRATUITY	8,280,037,744.87	12,818,858,441.38	18,037,630,325.42	25,171,125,239.08	16,092,690,133.05	14,628,272,663.05
3	SALARY ARREARS	855,047,211.42	5,654,753,864.03	6,963,409,007.41	6,337,350,122.35	7,829,682,630.53	4,977,800,451.35
4	JUDGEMENT DEBT	165,830,549.03	530,939,119.67	922,922,682.00	914,853,745.58	3,709,185,912.81	829,382,226.28
	TOTAL	12,340,860,276.72	26,696,714,896.21	56,598,517,088.69	36,493,248,571.13	31,641,254,127.25	22,244,844,082.86

EKITI STATE DOMESTIC ARREARS



- Note: (i) The verified Contractors Arrears as at end of Q4, 2020 is ₦1,809,388,742.18 as against ₦2,386,718,550.68 which was initially captured in the returns forwarded to the DMO, Abuja. The figure was arrived at after the verification and reconciliation carried out by the State Domestic Arrears Committee.
- (ii) Judgment Debt as at December, 2020 is ₦829,382,226.28 as against ₦969,475,481.28 which was initially captured after verification and reconciliation by the State Domestic Arrears Committee

Source: *Ekiti State Debt Management Unit.*

(ii) Prioritization Criteria/Approaches between Types of Arrears

The State Government shall ensure a significant decrease (5% or more) in its Domestic Arrears with the use of any/both of the following approaches. The State Government shall be at liberty to adopt any of the approaches.

APPROACH 1

Allocation of available funds among the types of the arrears in the following order:

- (i)** Salary Arrears,
- (ii)** Contractors' Arrears,
- (iii)** Judgment Debt, and
- (iv)** Pension & Gratuities.

Consequently, the payment for the clearance of the State's domestic expenditure arrears shall be in line with the proportion in the table below:

S/N	DOMESTIC EXPENDITURE ARREARS	PROPORTION
1	CONTRACTORS ARREARS	20.2%
2	PENSION AND GRATUITIES	14.3%
3	SALARY ARREAR	49.2%
4	JUDGEMENT DEBT	16.3%

APPROACH 2

Allocation of the available funds on a particular type of arrears.

Prioritization Criteria/Approaches within Types of Arrears

S/N	CRITERIA/ APPROACHES	RATIONALE	REQUIRED DATA	AMOUNT TO BE CLEARED
1	CONTRACTORS			
	Ongoing works first	Ensures ongoing works are completed	Status of project construction	
	Largest first	Largest injury (in terms of arrear value) is addressed first	Value of outstanding arrear	

	Smallest first	Allows many individual arrears to be paid immediately and focuses funds on small firms that may be vulnerable to cash flow problems (assuming most small arrears are owed to small contractors)	Value of outstanding arrear	
	Oldest first	Creditor who has been waiting longest is paid first	Date missed payment was first due	
	Subject to penalties first	Paying arrears that bear penalties for late payment reduces cost to state	Contract terms: whether provide for late penalties	
2	SALARIES			
	Oldest first	Largest injury (in terms of delay) is addressed first	Date missed payment was due	
	Smallest first	Allows many individual arrears to be paid immediately and focuses funds on lowest paid workers that may be vulnerable to cash flow problems	Value of outstanding arrear	
	Equal percent to all	All staff receive something, regardless of when salary payment was first missed or level of salary	Amount owed to each staff	
3	PENSIONS AND GRATUITIES			
	Oldest first	Largest injury (in terms of delay) is addressed first	Date missed payment was due	
	Equal percent to all	All pensioners receive something, regardless of when they retired	Amount owed to each pensioner	

4	JUDGEMENT DEBT			
	Oldest first	Largest injury (in terms of delay) is addressed first	Date missed payment was due	
	Equal percent to all	All claimants receive something, when contract falls due	Amount owed to contractors	

